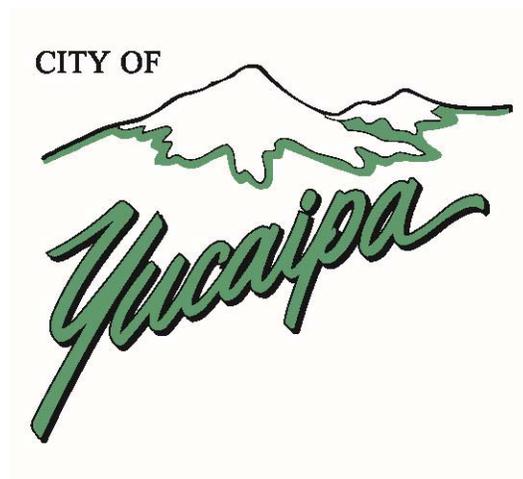


City of Yucaipa

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR
CITY COUNCIL



May 2019

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CODE OF CONDUCT FOR CITY COUNCIL

"Always do right. This will gratify some people and astonish the rest. "

-Mark Twain

INTRODUCTION

This Code of Conduct is designed to describe the manner in which Council Members should treat one another. City staff, constituents, and others they come into contact with in representing the City of Yucaipa. As elected representatives of the citizens of the City of Yucaipa, it is essential that each Council Member's behavior be consistent with the level of responsibilities and duties of governance entrusted to them by the people of the City of Yucaipa.

The constant and consistent theme throughout of the Code of Conduct is "respect." Council Members experience tremendous stress in making decisions that could impact thousands of lives. Despite these pressures, elected officials are called upon to exhibit appropriate behavior at all times. Demonstrating respect for each individual through words and actions is the touchstone that can help guide Council Members to do the right thing in even the most difficult situations. Such respect is the cornerstone of civility.

The overall principles and guidelines contained in this Code of Conduct also describe the manner in which the City Treasurer, City Clerk, Commissioners, Committee members and Boardmembers are expected to treat one another, City staff, and all others they come into contact with in representing the City of Yucaipa.

OVERVIEW OF ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

MAYOR

- Serves at the pleasure of the City Council
- Acts as the official head of the City for all ceremonial purposes
- Chairs City Council meetings and as otherwise authorized by the Council
- Calls for special meetings
- Recognized as spokesperson for the City Council
- Selects substitute for City representation when Mayor cannot attend
- Makes Council Member assignments to Council subcommittees and regional boards and committees through consultation with other members
- Makes judgment calls on which proclamations to give

- Leads the Council into an effective, cohesive working team
- Signs documents on behalf of the City of Yucaipa
- Serves as official delegate of the City to the Leagues of California Cities, National League of cities and other events and conferences

MAYOR PRO TEM

- Serves at the pleasure of the City Council
- Performs the duties of the Mayor if the Mayor IS absent or disabled
- Chairs City Council meetings in the absence of the Mayor
- Represents the City at ceremonial functions at the request of the Mayor

ALL COUNCIL MEMBERS

All members of the City Council, including those serving as Mayor and Mayor Pro Tern, have equal votes. No Council Member has more power than any other Council Member and all should be treated and treat each other with civility and respect.

All Council Members shall:

- Demonstrate honesty, integrity, and civility in every action and statement
- Fully participate in City Council meetings and other public forums while demonstrating respect, kindness, consideration, and courtesy to others
- Prepare in advance of Council meetings and be familiar with issues on the agenda. Make a reasonable effort to meet with staff before meetings to receive answers to questions regarding the agenda
- Represent the City at ceremonial functions at the request of the Mayor
- Place activities and events on the Council's weekly activities calendar that invite official participation of all Council Members
- Be respectful of other people's time. Stay focused and act efficiently during public meetings
- Serve as a model of leadership and civility to the community
- Inspire public confidence in Yucaipa City government
- Provide contact information to the City Manager's Executive Assistant in case an emergency or urgent situation arises while the Council Member is out of town
- Participate in scheduled activities to increase team effectiveness

MEETING CHAIR

The Mayor will chair official meetings of the City Council, unless the Mayor Pro Tem or another Council Member is designated as Chair of a specific meeting. The Chair of meetings:

- Maintains order, decorum, and the fair and equitable treatment of all speakers
- Keeps discussion and questions focused on the specific agenda Item under consideration
- Makes parliamentary rulings with advice, if requested, from the City Attorney who acts as an advisory parliamentarian. Chair rulings may be overturned if a Council Member makes a motion as an individual and the majority of Council votes to overrule the Chair.

POLICIES AND PROTOCOL RELATED TO CONDUCT

AGENDA ITEMS

The Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem, in consultation with the City Manager, shall determine agenda items for City Council Meetings. However, to ensure all Council Member views are represented, study session agendas contain a section titled “Council Member Reports/ Requests”. In addition to their reports, this portion of the meeting allows any Council Member to request an agenda item for a future meeting, and allows the City Council to have a short discussion on the request (but not on the substance of the item). Any request must include an explanation of the issue and the goal of the proposed Council discussion. If at least one other Council Member indicates support for the request at that time, then the item shall be placed on a future agenda. Upon support for the request, the Council will provide direction to staff on information that is desired to be presented when the item is placed on a future agenda. Additionally, with the advice of the City Manager and City Attorney, the Council will provide direction to staff on the type of meeting (regular or special) and the type of session (closed, study, or general) at which the item will be considered. The Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem shall schedule the item no later than 45 days following the request, unless the Council Member who requested the item consents to it being placed on the agenda of a later meeting.

CEREMONIAL EVENTS

City staff will handle requests for a City representative at ceremonial events. The Mayor will serve as the designated City representative. If the Mayor is unavailable, then City staff will determine if event organizers would like another representative from the Council. If yes, then the Mayor Pro Tern will be asked to serve as a substitute; if the Mayor Pro Tem is unavailable, the request will to go another member of the Council. Invitations received at City Hall are presumed to be for official City representation. Invitations addressed to individual Council Members at their homes are presumed to be for unofficial, personal consideration, unless otherwise indicated, and the individual is expected to represent the City of Yucaipa in a formal capacity.

ENDORSEMENT OF CANDIDATES

Council Members have the right to endorse candidates for all Council seats or other elected offices. It is inappropriate to mention endorsements during Council meeting or other official City meetings.

LEGISLATIVE PROCESS

The City follows parliamentary procedure for the management of meetings using guidelines adopted by Resolution No. 2014-065 on October 7, 2014.

PUBLIC COMMENT ON AGENDA AND NON-AGENDA ITEMS

During a designated period of the agenda, the public may comment on any item of interest that is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Council. As a general rule, a speaker will be limited to five minutes.

The City Manager will respond, as deemed appropriate, to comments related to items on the meeting's agenda. In compliance with the Brown Act, the City Council may not take action or discuss any item that does not appear on the Council meeting agenda.

PUBLIC INQUIRIES

City staff will prepare official letters in response to public inquires and concerns, as appropriate. These letters will carry the signature of the Mayor unless the Mayor requests that another Council Member or City staff sign them. If correspondence is addressed only to one Council Member that Council Member should generally check with staff on the best way to respond to the sender. In the event a Council Member, as an elected representative, feels compelled to express an opinion a matter, it shall be with the express understanding and stated as such, that it is their personal opinion and does not many way represent that of the City Council. Nor, under any circumstances, should a Council Member state or attempt to represent the opinion of the City Council or of another Council Member.

Council Members may receive public inquires via email and may choose to respond directly v i a email . All such correspondence is considered a public record and should be treated as such. As with official letter responses to public inquires, to a Council Member feels compelled to express an opinion on a matter, it shall be with the express understanding, and stated as such, that it is a personal opinion and does not m any way represent that of the City Council.

PUBLIC HEARING MEETING PROTOCOL

The applicant or appellant shall have the right to speak first after staff presentation regarding the item being appealed. The Chair will determine the length of time allowed for this presentation. Speakers representing either pro or con points of view will be allowed to follow. The Chair will determine and announce limits on speakers at the start of the public hearing process. Generally, each speaker will be allocated five minutes with applicants and appellants, or their designed representatives, allowed more time. If many speakers are anticipated, the Chair may shorten the time limit and/or ask speakers to limit themselves to new information and points of view not already covered by previous speakers. No speaker will be turned away unless he/she exhibits inappropriate behavior. Each speaker may only speak once during the public hearing unless the Council requests additional clarification later in the process. After the close of the public hearing, no more public testimony will be accepted unless the Chair reopens the public hearing for a limited and specific purpose.

The applicant or appellant will be allowed to make closing comments. The Chair has the responsibility to run an efficient public meeting and has the discretion to modify the public hearing process in order to make the meeting run smoothly and/or accommodate extenuating circumstances.

Established protocol dictates that Council Members do not express opinions during the public hearing portion of the meeting except to ask pertinent questions of the speaker or staff. "I think" and "I feel" comments by Council Members are not appropriate until after the close of the public hearing. To maintain proper public decorum it is important that Council Members refrain from arguing or debating with the public during a public hearing and always show respect for different points of view.

Main motions may be followed by amendments, followed by substitute motions. Any Council Member can call for a point of order. Only Council Members who voted on the prevailing side may make motions to reconsider. Council Members who desire to make the first motion on issues that they feel strongly about should discuss their intention with the Chair in advance of the Council meeting.

COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH ONE ANOTHER

Councils are composed of individuals with a wide variety of backgrounds, personalities, values, opinions, and goals. Despite this diversity, all have chosen to serve in public office in order to preserve and protect the present and the future of the community. In all cases, this common goal respectfully acknowledge this potential diversity of opinion and viewpoint even as Council may "agree to disagree" on contentious issues.

IN PUBLIC MEETINGS

- Use of formal titles

The Council should generally refer to one another formally during public meetings as Mayor, Mayor Pro Tem or Council Member followed by the individual's last name

- Practice civility and decorum in discussions and debate

Difficult questions, tough challenges to a particular point of view, and criticism of ideas and information are legitimate elements of a free democracy in action. This does not, however, grant the right for Council Members to make belligerent, personal, impertinent, slanderous, threatening, abusive, or disparaging comments. No shouting or physical actions that could be construed as threatening and otherwise disruptive can be tolerated. Disruptive behavior, at the direction of the Council, can result in expulsion from the proceedings.

- Honor the role of the Chair in maintaining order

It is the responsibility of the Chair to keep the comments of Council Members on track during public meetings. Council Members should honor efforts by the Chair to focus discussion on current agenda items. If there is a disagreement about the agenda or the Chair's actions, those objections should be voiced politely and with reason, following procedures outlined in parliamentary procedures adopted on October 7, 2014. Differences of opinion of what constitutes appropriate versus inappropriate shall be resolved by consensus of the full Council at an appropriate time.

- Avoid personal comments that may offend other Council Members

If a Council Member is personally offended by the remarks of another Council Member, the offended Council Member should make notes of the actual words used and call for a "point of personal privilege" that challenges the other Council Member to justify or apologize for the language used. The Chair will maintain control of the discussion.

- Demonstrate effective problem-solving approaches

Council Members have a public stage to show how individuals with different points of view can find common ground and seek a compromise that benefits the community as a whole.

IN PRIVATE ENCOUNTERS

- Continue respectful behavior in private

The same level of respect and consideration in differing points of view that is deemed appropriate for public discussions should be maintained in private conversations.

Be aware that the insecurity of written notes, voicemail messages, and email technology allows words written or said without much forethought to be distributed wide and far. It could create unpleasant consequences and cause embarrassment. Written notes, voicemail messages and email should be treated as potentially "public" communication and part of the public record.

- Even private conversations can have a public presence

Elected officials are always on display - their actions, mannerisms, and language are monitored by people around them that they may not know. Lunch table conversations will be eavesdropped upon, parking lot debates will be watched, and casual comments between individuals before and after public meetings noted. Council Members must behave at all times in a manner reflective of the trust placed in them by the public.

COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH CITY STAFF

Every effort should be made to be cooperative and show mutual respect for the contributions made by each individual for the good of the community. The City of Yucaipa is a general law city governed by the council/manager form of government. The City Council, with the assistance of its advisory commissions and boards, makes policies and fundamental governmental decisions; the City Manager is charged with implementing those policies and decisions and administering the day-to-day affairs of the City with the assistance of his/her staff. The City Council has direct authority over the City Manager and the City Attorney; all other employees of the City are under the direct authority of the City Manager. Following this hierarchy is important to the success of the basic structure and to maintaining positive and effective working relationships between the City Council and employees, and will prevent any confusion and/or inefficiency associated with potentially contradictory direction.

- Treat all staff as professionals

Clear, honest communication that respects the abilities, experience and dignity of each individual is expected. Poor behavior toward staff is improper, disrespectful and, as such, inappropriate and unacceptable.

- Limit contact to specific City staff

Questions of City staff and/or requests for additional information or services should be directed only to the City Manager. If, in the opinion of the City Manager the request makes sense and requires little staff time and/or resources, the City Manager can direct the appropriate department to fulfill therequest.

- Do not disrupt City staff from their Jobs

To maintain efficiency in daily activities, it is important that Council Members not disrupt City staff while they are in meetings, on the telephone, or engrossed in performing their job functions in order to have their individual needs met.

- Respect City staffs time

Given ongoing fiscal constraints and limited staff and Council time, individual Council Members should minimize memos and maximize face-to-face interaction with other Council Members or staff.

In this respect, individual Council Members should schedule meeting with their counterparts, the City Manager, or department directors, depending on the issue to be discussed. As a matter of courtesy and mutual respect, Council Members and staff should keep their scheduled meetings or call in advance to cancel or reschedule.

- Requests for information

All Council Members will receive the same material and information to make legislative and other policy decisions and all requests for information should be made to the City Manager to ensure consistency.

If a Council Member requests research on an issue, staff shall provide such research if it does not require extensive time to research the issue. The City Manager shall determine if the research is "extensive" or not. If the issue is complex and requires extensive staff time, the request must be approved by the City Council.

If a Council Member needs to review a document maintained in the City's records system, upon request to the City Manager, staff will retrieve the requested document. The City Manager is legally responsible for the management and retention of City records, and only staff is authorized to retrieve information from the records system.

Because of the associated costs, individual Council Members shall not make direct contact to City or Agency consultants or outside legal counsel requesting information, research or service. Any request should be directed to the City Manager for compliance.

Confidential private financial statements are not provided to individual Council Members or the Council as a whole without the concurrence of the City Attorney.

- Never publicly criticize an individual employee

Council should never express concerns about the performance of a City employee in public, to the employee directly, or to the employee's manager. Comments about staff performance should only be made to the City Manager through private correspondence or conversation.

- Do not get involved in administrative functions

To prevent raising concerns of misdeeds, or questionable motives, Council Members must not attempt to influence City staff on the making of appointments, awarding of contracts, selection of consultants, processing of development applications, or granting of City licenses and permits.

- Check with City staff on correspondence before taking action

To prevent conflicting statements or duplications, before sending correspondence, Council Members shall check with City staff to see if an official City response has already been sent or is in progress. Typically the Mayor, through consultation with staff, should respond to communications addressed to the entire Council. When it is unclear whether a correspondence is to an individual Council Member or the City Council as a whole, Council Members should consult with the Mayor or staff to determine the appropriate response.

- Council Members correctly feel their presence at public meetings demonstrates an interest in the issue, however, it can also leave the public with an impression of the Council Member's position on the issue that may or may not be correct. Even if the Council Member does not say anything, the Council Member's presence can impact the meeting by implying support, showing partiality, intimidating staff, and hampering staff's ability to do their job objectively. This should be avoided because when the item does come before the City Council, Council Members' deliberative process may have produced a different outcome, which may be viewed as the Council Member misleading the public.
- Council Members may wish to explain that they are not able to render an opinion on an issue that will likely come before the full City Council until they are able to receive all of the information and hear all of the testimony presented at the City Council Meeting. Staff will always provide the public with this explanation of why the City Council is not present at the meeting.

- Requests for additional staff support

Requests for additional staff support, even in high priority or emergency situations, should be made to the City Manager or Assistant City Manager, or designated representative who is responsible for allocating City resources in order to maintain a professional, well-run City government.

- Do not solicit political support from staff

Council Members should not solicit any type of political support (financial contributions, display of posters or lawn signs, name on support lists, etc.) from City staff. City staff may, as private citizens with constitutional rights, support political candidates, but all such activities must be conducted away from the workplace.

COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH THE PUBLIC

IN PUBLIC MEETINGS

Making the public feel welcome is an important part of the democratic process. No signs of partiality, prejudice or disrespect should be evident on the part of individual Council Members toward an individual participating in a public forum. Every effort should be made to be fair and impartial in listening to public testimony.

- Be welcoming to speakers and treat them with care and respect

Remember that most people who address the Council are not professional speakers and are not accustomed to speaking in public, and even those that are may be intimidated by the situation.

- Be fair and equitable in allocating public hearing time to individual speakers

Public hearings provide the opportunity for the public to provide comment and feedback to the Council on issues that are of importance to them, and sometimes these comments can cause the meeting to go much longer than anticipated. However, each member of the public who wishes to speak should be given equal consideration and attention, and not rushed. But each speaker is expected to stay within the allocated time.

- Actively listen

Listening is a critically important skill. In the interest of courtesy and decorum, Council Members should listen patiently to various opinions from all quarters. It can be disconcerting to speakers to have Council Members not look at them when they are speaking. It is fine to look down at documents or to make notes, but reading for a long period of time, or gazing around the room gives the appearance of disinterest and may unintentionally offend the speaker. As public official it's important to be aware of facial expressions, especially those that could be interpreted as "smirking," disbelief, anger or boredom.

- Ask for clarification, but it's important to avoid debate and argument with the public

Only the Chair – not individual Council Members – can interrupt a speaker during a presentation. However, a can ask the Chair for a point of order if the speaker is off the topic or exhibiting behavior language the Council Member finds disturbing.

If speakers become flustered or defensive by Council questions, it is the responsibility of the Chair to calm and focus the speaker and to maintain the order and decorum of the meeting. Questions by Council Members to members of the public testifying should seek to clarify or expand information. It is never appropriate for elected officials to belligerently challenge or belittle a speaker. Council Members personal opinions or inclinations about upcoming votes should not be revealed until after the public hearing is closed.

- No personal attacks of any kind, are appropriate under any Circumstance

Council Members should be aware that their body language and tone of voice may appear to be intimidating or aggressive to some speakers.

- Follow adopted parliamentary procedure in conducting public meetings

The City Attorney serves as advisory parliamentarian for the City and is available to answer questions or interpret situations according to parliamentary procedures. Final rulings on parliamentary procedure are made by the Chair, subject to an appeal by the full Council.

IN UNOFFICIAL SETTINGS

- Make no promises on behalf of the Council

No individual Council Member has the authority to represent or make commitments on behalf of the City Council. Council Members will frequently be asked to explain a Council action or to give their opinion about an issue as they meet and talk with constituents in the community. It is appropriate to give a brief overview of City policy and to refer to City staff for further information. It is inappropriate to overtly or implicitly promise Council action, or to promise City staff will do something specific (fix a pothole, remove a street tree, plant new flowers in the median, etc.).

- Make no personal comments about other Council Members

It is acceptable to publicly disagree about an Issue, but it is unacceptable to make derogatory comments about other Council Members, their opinions and actions. Doing so may undermine confidence in and respect for the City Council as a body.

Remember that Yucaipa is a small town at heart. Council Members are constantly being observed by the community every day that they serve in office. Their behaviors and comments serve as models for proper deportment in the City. Honesty and respect for the dignity of each individual should be reflected in the words and actions taken by Council Members. It is a serious and continuous responsibility.

COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH OTHER PUBLIC AGENCIES

- Be clear about representing the City or personal interests

If a Council Member appears before another governmental agency or organization to give a statement on an Issue, the Council Member must clearly state if his/her statement reflects personal opinion or is the official stance of the City and whether this is the majority or minority opinion of the Council. If the Council Member is representing the City, the Council Member must support and advocate the official City position on an Issue, not a personal viewpoint. If the Council Member is representing another organization whose position is different from the City, the Council Member should withdraw from voting on the Issue if it significantly impacts or is detrimental to the City's interests.

Council Members should be clear about which organizations they represent and inform the Mayor and Council of their involvement.

- Correspondence also should be equally clear about representation

City letterhead may be used when the Council Member is representing the City and the City's official position. A copy of the official correspondence should be given to the City Manager's Executive Assistant to be filed in the Council Office as part of the permanent public record.

It is best that City letterhead not be used for correspondence of Council Members representing a personal point of view, or a dissenting point of view from an official Council position. However, should a Council Member use City letterhead to express a personal opinion, it must be clear to the reader that this is not the official City position.

COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND BOARDS

The City has established commissions, committees and boards as a means of gathering more community input. Citizens who serve as such become more involved in government and serve as advisors to the City Council. They are a valuable resource to the City's leadership and should be treated with appreciation and respect.

- If attending a commission, committee or board meeting, be careful to only express individual personal opinions

Council Members may attend any commission, committee, or board meeting, which are always open to any member of the public. However, they should be sensitive to the way their participation, especially if it is on behalf of an individual, business or developer, could be viewed as unfairly affecting the process. Any public comments by a Council Member at a commission, committee or board meeting should be clearly made as individual opinion and not a representation of the feelings of the entire City Council.

- Limit contact with commission, committee, or board members to questions of clarification

It is inappropriate for a Council Member to contact a commission, committee, or board member to lobby on behalf of an individual, business, or developer. It is acceptable for Council Members to contact commission, committee, or board members in order to clarify a position taken by the commission, committee, or board.

- Remember that commissions, committees, and boards serve the community, not individual Council Members

The City Council appoints individuals to serve on commissions, committees, and boards and it is the responsibility of these groups to follow policy established by the Council. But commission, committee and board members do not report to individual Council Members, nor should Council Members feel they have the power or right to threaten members with removal if they disagree with them about an issue. Appointment and reappointment to a commission, committee, or board is governed by the Municipal Code and should be based on such criteria as expertise, ability to work with staff and the public, commitment to the community and to fulfilling official duties.

- Be respectful of diverse opinions

A primary role of commissions, committees, and boards is to represent many points of view in the community and to provide the Council with advice based on a full spectrum of concerns and perspectives. Council Members may have a closer working relationship with some individuals serving on commissions, committees and boards, but must be fair and respectful of all citizens serving on commissions, committees and boards.

- Keep political support away from public forums

Commission, committee and board members may offer political support to a Council Member, but not in a public forum while conducting official duties. Conversely, Council Members may support commission, committee or board members who are running for office, but not in an official forum in their capacity as a Council Member.

COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH THE MEDIA

Council Members are frequently contacted by the media or background and quotes.

- The Mayor and the City Manager shall determine the official spokesperson for the City's position on high-profile Issues

If an individual Council Member is contacted by the media, the Council Member should refer the media to the Mayor or the City Manager and refrain from making statements that would give the appearance of representing the City's position.

- The City Manager or his/her designee shall be the City's spokesperson on routine media inquiries
- Remember who you are

A Council Member must always be aware of his/her role as a policy maker in the organization, and the deference that is afforded you by the public because of your office. Consequently, it is very important to remember not to speculate or venture outside your area of expertise. The public will rely on what they are told by an elected official.

- The best advice for dealing with the media is to never go "off the record"

Most members of the media represent the highest levels of journalistic integrity and ethics, and can be trusted to keep their word. But one bad experience can be catastrophic. Words that are not said cannot be quoted.

- Never say "no comment"

This statement can easily be misconstrued. If a Council Member does not have the information available, it is best to say so and let the media know when the information will be available and then make certain to follow through.

- Do not be afraid to say "I don't know"

If a Council Member does not know the answer to a question, it is best to just say so, then find out. It is helpful to ask the media for their deadline and then get back to them on time.

- Don't speculate; avoid hypothetical questions

A Council Member may choose to raise a case study hypothesis to illustrate a process, but should not be lured into speculating about what has not occurred.

- Be positive, not defensive
- Choose words carefully and cautiously

Comments taken out of context can cause problems. Be especially cautious about humor, sardonic asides, sarcasm, or word play. It is never appropriate to use personal slurs or swear words when talking with the media.

- Avoid "never" and "always"

Opinions may change as additional information is revealed. Absolutes can come home to haunt!

- Do not fill in the silences

Silences can be a tool used by the media to keep a Council Member talking in hopes of obtaining more information. The only thing that should be said to fill in a silence is the Council Member's own prepared key messages.

- Do not lose your composure

A Council Member may win the battle, but will always lose the war.

- Do not argue with the media

Arguing with the media is a no-win situation. A Council Member who is calm and in good temper will also look like a sensible adult. That is a good image to convey. Keep in mind that editing has final control and an argument may be the only thing shown on the evening news.

- Never lie

It is better not to express an opinion than to fabricate a response that may not be entirely factual, and would tend to mislead the press.

SANCTIONS

PUBLIC DISRUPTION

Members of the public who do not follow proper conduct after a warning in a public hearing may be barred from further testimony at that meeting or removed from the Council Chambers.

INAPPROPRIATE STAFF BEHAVIOR

City staff members who do not follow proper conduct in their dealings with Council Members, other City staff, or the public will be referred to the City Manager. These employees may be disciplined by the City Manager in accordance with City policies and procedures.

COUNCIL MEMBERS BEHAVIOR AND CONDUCT

City Council Members who are alleged to be in violation of State or Fair Political Practices laws or guidelines should be referred to the appropriate agencies.

City Council Members who intentionally and repeatedly do not follow proper conduct as outlined in this Code of Conduct may be reprimanded or formally censured by the Council, lose seniority or committee assignments (both within the City or with intergovernmental agencies) or have official travel restricted. Serious infractions of the City's Code of Ethics or Code of Conduct could lead to other sanctions as deemed appropriate by Council.

It is the responsibility of the individual Council Member to initiate action if a Council Member's behavior may warrant sanction. The alleged violation(s) can be presented to the full Council in a public meeting. If violation of the Code of Ethics or Code of Conduct is outside of the behaviors observed by the Council, then subsequent investigation and potential sanctions should be reviewed and approved by the Council.

PRINCIPLES OF PROPER CONDUCT

PROPER CONDUCT IS...

- Keeping promises
- Being dependable
- Building a solid reputation
- Participating and being available
- Demonstrating patience
- Showing empathy
- Holding onto ethical principles under stress
- Listening attentively
- Studying thoroughly
- Keeping integrity intact
- Overcoming discouragement
- Going above and beyond, time and time again
- Modeling a professional manner

PROPER CONDUCT IS NOT

- Showing antagonism or hostility
- Deliberately lying or misleading
- Speaking recklessly
- Spreading rumors
- Stirring up bad feelings, divisiveness
- Acting in a self-righteous manner

IT ALL COMES DOWN TO RESPECT

- Respect for one another as individuals
- Respect for the validity of different opinions
- Respect for the democratic process
- Respect for the community that we serve

CHECKLIST FOR MONITORING CONDUCT

- Will my decision/statement/action violate the trust, rights or good will of others?
- What are my interior motives and the spirit behind my actions?
- If I have to justify my conduct in public tomorrow, will I do so with pride or shame?
- How would my conduct be evaluated by people whose integrity and character I respect?
- Even if my conduct is not illegal or unethical, is it done at someone else's painful expense?
- Will it destroy their trust in me?
- Will it harm their reputation?
- Is my conduct fair? Just? Morally right?
- If I were on the receiving end of my conduct, would I approve and agree, or would I take offense?
- Does my conduct give others reason to trust or distrust me?
- Am I willing to take an ethical stand when it is called for?
- Am I willing to make my ethical beliefs public in a way that makes it clear what I stand for?
- Do I exhibit the same conduct in my private life as I do in my public life?
- Can I take legitimate pride in the way I conduct myself and the example I set?
- Do I listen and understand the views of others?
- Do I question and confront different points of view in a constructive manner?
- Do I work to resolve differences and come to mutual agreement?
- Do I support others and show respect for their ideas?
- Will my conduct cause public embarrassment to someone else?

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

| | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Attitude | The manner in which one shows one's dispositions, opinions, and feelings |
| Behavior | External appearance or action; manner of behaving; carriage of oneself Civility Politeness, consideration, courtesy |
| Conduct | The way one acts; personal behavior politeness connected with kindness |
| Courtesy | Suitable; proper; good taste in behavior |
| Decorum | A way of acting; a style, method, or form; the way in which things are done |
| Manners | An interruption of a meeting to question whether rules or bylaws are being broken, such as the speaker has strayed from the motion currently under consideration |
| Point of order | A challenge to a speaker to defend or apologize for comments that a fellow |
| Point of personal privilege | Council Member considers offensive |
| Propriety | Conforming to acceptable standards of behavior |
| Protocol | The courtesies that are established as proper and correct |

APPENDIX

REVISIONS TO CODE

| DATE | SECTION | ACTION |
|------------------|---|--|
| October 2, 2018 | <p>COUNCIL CONDUCT WITH COMMISSIONS, COMMITTEES AND BOARDS</p> | <p>Removal of language:</p> <p><i>Inappropriate behavior can lead to removal - Inappropriate behavior by a commission, committee, or board member should be noted to the Mayor, and the Mayor should counsel the offending member. If inappropriate behavior continues, the Mayor should bring the situation to the attention of the Council and the individual may be subject to removal from the commission, committee or board.</i></p> |
| January 15, 2019 | <p>POLICIES AND PROTOCOL RELATED TO COUNCIL CONDUCT – AGENDA ITEMS</p> | <p>Removal of language:</p> <p><i>Individual Council Members should submit requests, preferably written, for agenda Items to the Mayor for consideration. In the case of a dispute a Council Member may, at a public meeting, request the support of the majority of the Council to place an item on the agenda.</i></p> <p>Addition of language:</p> <p><i>However, to ensure all Council Member views are represented, study session agendas contain a section titled “Council Member Reports/ Requests”. In addition to their reports, this portion of the meeting allows any Council Member to request an agenda item for a future meeting, and allows the City Council to have a short discussion on the request (but not on the substance of the item). Any request must include an explanation of the issue and the goal of the proposed Council discussion. If at least one other Council Member indicates support for the request at that time, then the item shall be placed on a future agenda. Upon support for the request, the Council will provide direction to staff on information that is desired to be presented when the item is placed on a future agenda. Additionally, with the advice of the City Manager and City Attorney, the Council will provide direction to staff on the type of meeting (regular or special) and the type of session (closed, study, or general) at which the item will be considered. The Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem shall schedule the item no later than 45 days following the request, unless the Council Member who requested the item consents to it being placed on the agenda of a later meeting.</i></p> |